

Macomb County Bicycling Route

City of Sterling Heights Meeting

Thursday, January 24, 2019
City of Sterling Heights

1:30 pm to 3:30 pm







Proposed Agenda Proposed Agenda

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Project Objective
- 3. Iron Belle Trail Overview
- 4. Trail Context and General Character
- 5. Proposed Route Review& Discussion
- 6. Next Steps

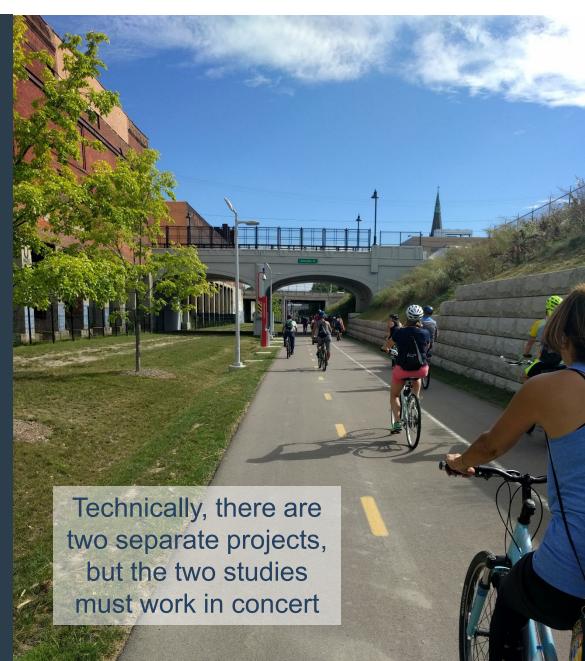


The meeting objective is to refine the Iron Bell route alternatives in the City of Warren



Project Objective

- Consensus on the bike route and associated improvements – a plan
 - Feasible
 - Affordable
 - Fundable
- Clear implementation strategy
 - "A road map" to completion
 - Who does what and when
 - Who pays for what
 - Key milestones

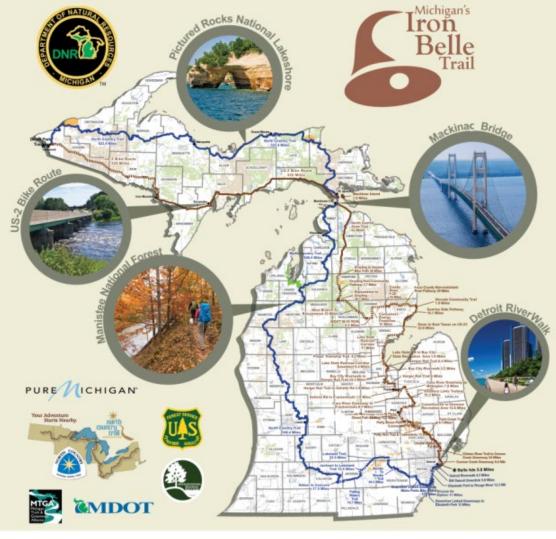




Showcases Michigan and its communities

- 48 Counties
- 240 Townships
- 83 Towns/villages
- Links numerous existing trails
- Provides recreation, transportation, and economic opportunities

Two routes, one great trail.

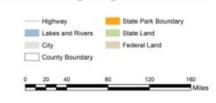


The Hiking Route | Hiking - Existing Route | Hiking - Proposed Route | Hiking - H



** The illustrated hike and bicycle trail connections will rely upon partnership opportunities.

www.michigan.gov/dnrtrails



Warch 20, 2015

Building a Sense of Place

- Revitalize and connect communities
- Improve land values
- Public health benefits
- Highlight local history
- Public exposure to stewardship
 - Native species
 - Remnant ecosystems



















- Uses existing multi-use trails in southern
 Michigan
- Follows US-2 (US Bike Route 10) in the Upper Peninsula
- 774 miles
- 64% existing trails
- 36% to be developed

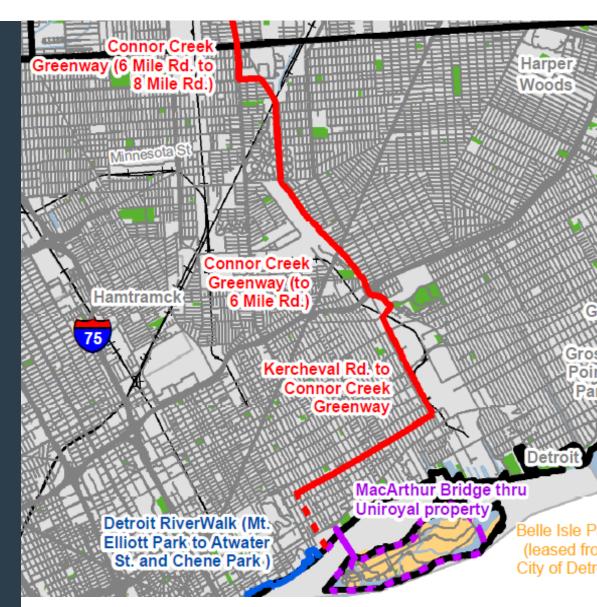


This is the bike route through Macomb County, pedestrian accommodations are secondary concerns



IBT - Immediate Context South

- Conner Creek Greenway
 - Mix of on and off-road
- Kercheval Bike Lanes
- Beaufait Greenway
 - Planned
- Detroit Riverwalk
- Belle Isle
 - Currently Bike Lanes
 - Planned Pathway



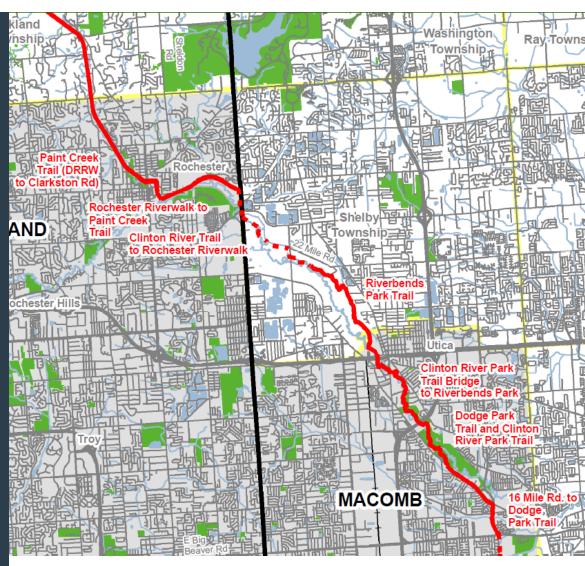
Mix of on and off-road bike facilities in an urban setting with some major destinations



IBT - Immediate Context North

- Trails along the Clinton River in Riverbends, Clinton River Park and Dodge Park
- Rochester Riverwalk
- Paint Creek Trail





Primarily off-road high-amenity trails



Different Types of Bicyclists

Strong & Fearless

- < 1%
- Always Biking
- Any Road Regardless of Condition

Enthused & Confident

- 7%
- Frequently Bike
- Like Designated Facilities
 Such As Bike Lanes

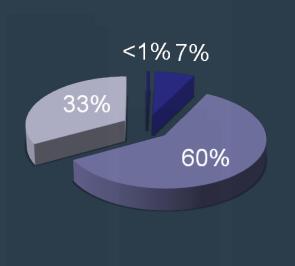
Interested but Concerned

- 60%
- Occasional Rider
- Local Roads and Trails

No Way, No How

- 33%





- Strong & Fearless
- Enthused & Confident
- Interested butConcerned
- No Way, No How

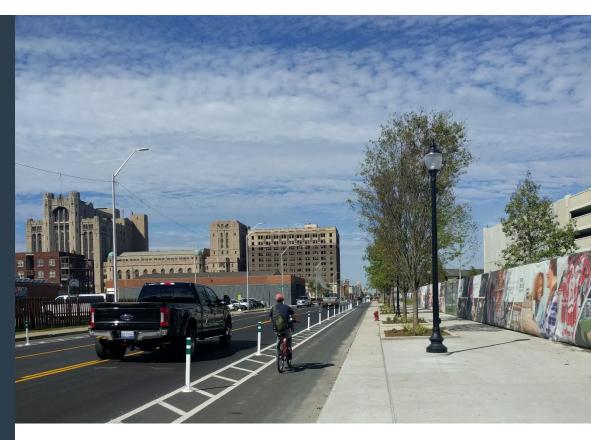
Not really this clear cut, there is movement between the groups



In-Road Facility Evaluation Factors

Key Factors for In-Road Bicycle Level of Service:

- Presence of bike lane
- Distance from motor vehicles
- Vehicle volume
- Vehicle speed
- Percent of truck traffic
- Size and complexity of intersections
 - Lack of facilities at intersections is often the week link that negates the rest of the system

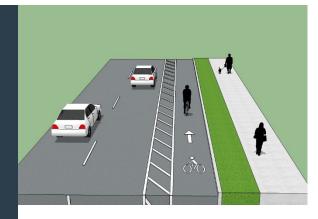


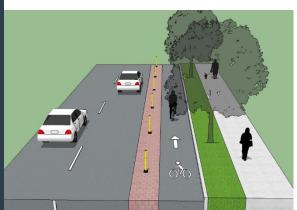
The degree of separation between motor vehicles and bicyclists determines what types of bicyclists will be comfortable using the facility



On Road Facilities for Major Roadways

- The greater degree of separation, the more bicyclists will be attracted to a facility along a roadway
- Ability to "upgrade" buffered bike lanes like those along Van Dyke to separated (AKA protected) bike lanes





Minimal

- Painted buffered
- Green paint at conflict areas

Better

- Delineator posts
- Visually distinct buffer



Preferred

 Raised landscaped barrier between road and bike lane



Side Path Evaluation Factors

- A shared-use path separate from the road but still within a road ROW
- Issues to consider:
 - Conflicts with motorists at intersecting driveways and roadways
 - Pedestrian / bike conflicts
 - Getting to destinations on other side of the road
 - Transitions to onroad facilities

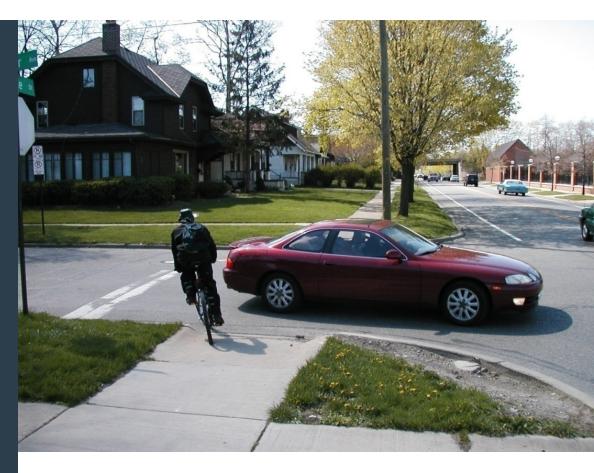


How commercial driveways and local road intersections are designed is key to making side paths safe



Side Paths vs. Bike Lanes

- Bicycling on a side path can be slower and more inconvenient than bicycling on the roadway
 - the presence of pedestrians
 - motorists blocking route <u>at intersections</u>
 - Ramps and curb cuts make for a bumpy ride
- The number of commercial driveways and intersecting local roadways is the key factor



Safety is all about visibility and expectations



Bike Routes on Local Road Evaluation Factors

- Attractiveness and perceived safety of neighborhood
- Speed differential between motorists and bicyclists
- Directness of route
- Ability to provide safe crossings of busy roads
- Receptivity of neighborhood to route







The End Product

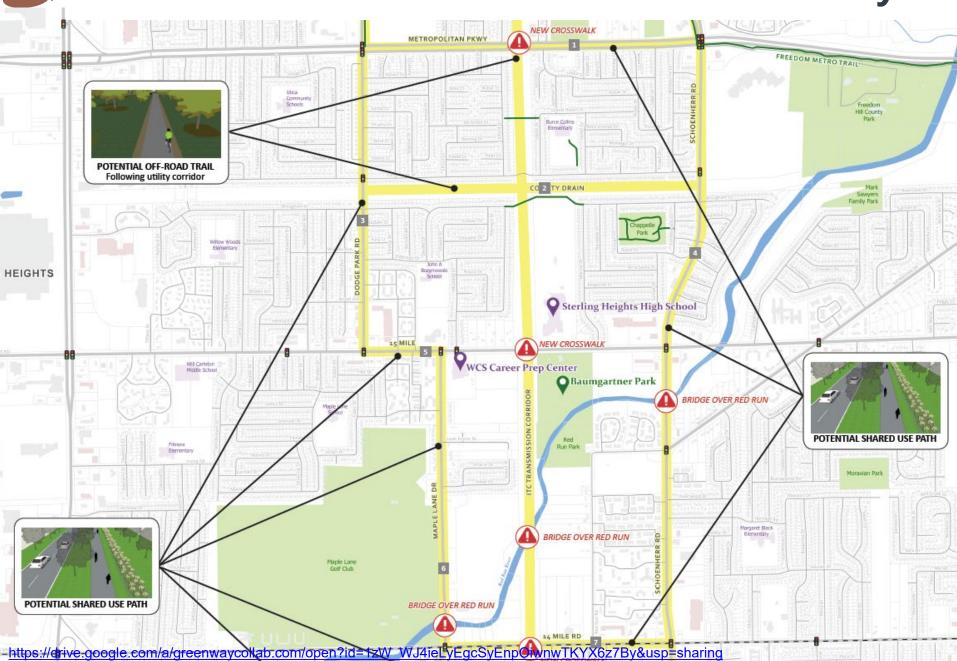
- Family friendly route, with a high degree of separation from motorized traffic
- High amenities including:
 - Water & restrooms
 - Bicycle support facilities
 - Trees and landscape
 - Interpretive signage
- Reasonably direct route
- Pocket Parks
- Links community assets
- Beyond the minimums





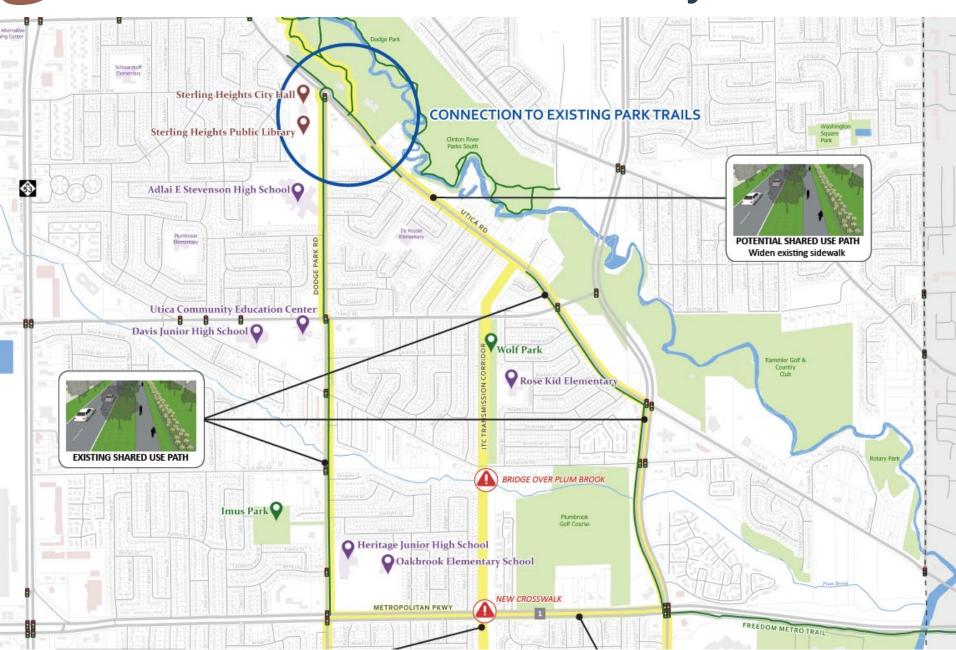
The trail should be an obvious amenity







Alternative Routes – Metro Parkway to Utica Rd





- Select preferred route
- Next level of feasibly analysis and planning
- Review with the public



Thank You!